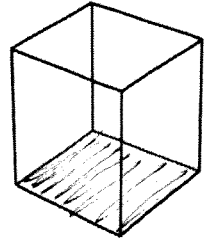
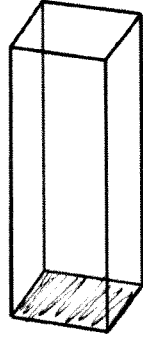
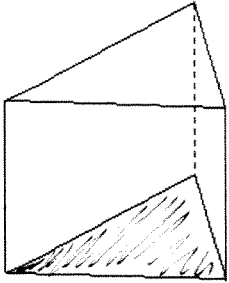
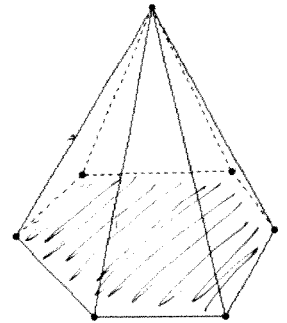
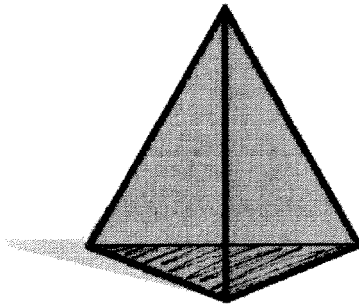
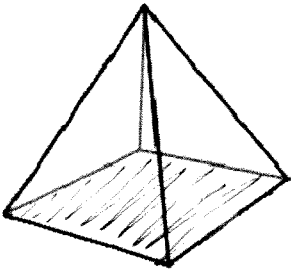


3D SHAPES

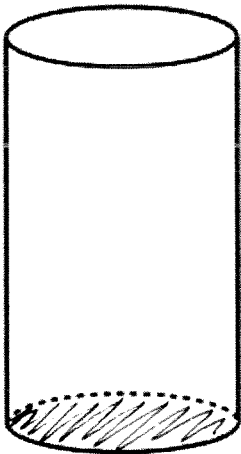
PRISMS



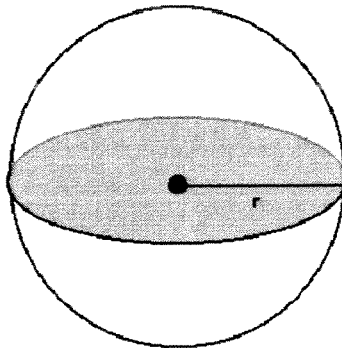
PYRAMIDS



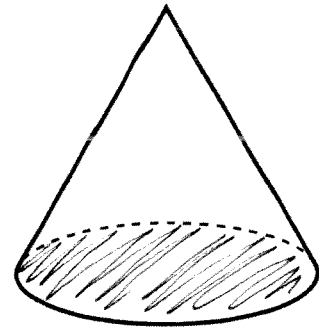
CYLINDERS



SPHERES



CONES

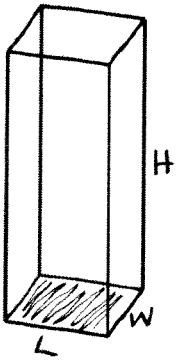


CHAPTER 8: VOLUME OF SHAPES

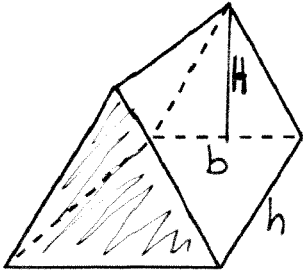
VOLUME: is the amount of space an object occupies

Prism: a solid is a prism if it has 2 identical bases and rectangles on its sides.

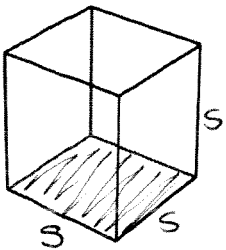
FORMULA for Prisms and Cylinders: $V = A_b \times h$



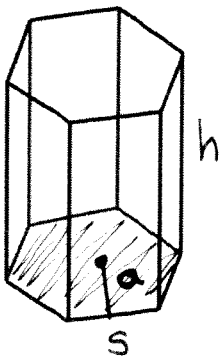
$$V = A_b \times h$$



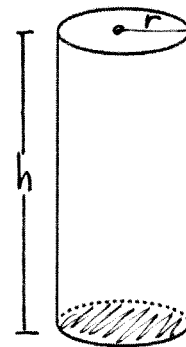
$$V = A_b \times h$$



$$V = A_b \times h$$



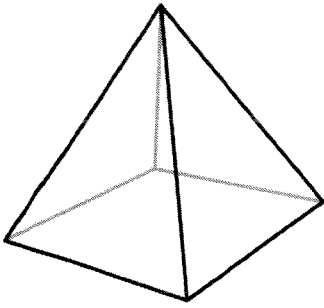
$$V = A_b \times h$$



$$V = A_b \times h$$

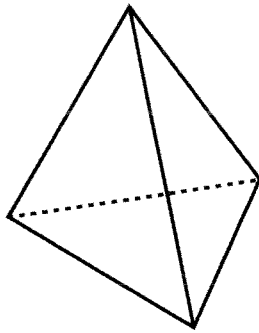
Volume of Pyramids

Square-Based Pyramid



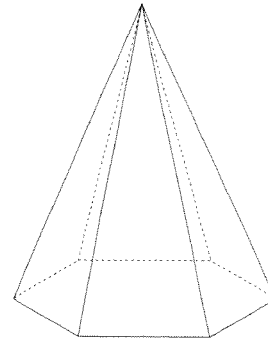
$$V = \frac{A_b \times h}{3}$$

Triangular-Based Pyramid



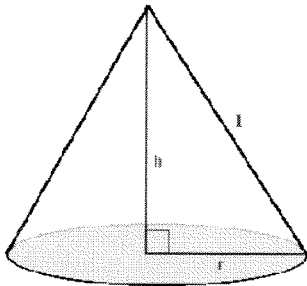
$$V = \frac{A_b \times h}{3}$$

Hexagonal-Based Pyramid



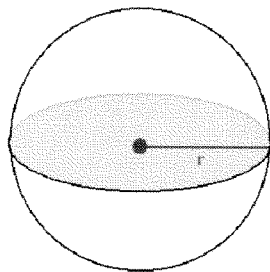
$$V = \frac{A_b \times h}{3}$$

Volume of Cone



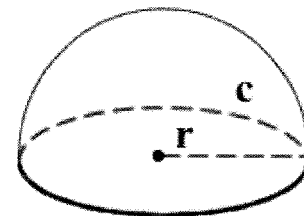
$$V = \frac{A_b \times h}{3}$$

Volume of Sphere



$$V = \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$$

Volume of Hemisphere



$$V = \frac{2\pi r^3}{3}$$