

## §4-2

# QUADRATIC INEQUALITIES

### Definition

**Quadratic inequalities** in one variable are inequalities which can be written in one of the following forms:

$$ax^2 + bx + c > 0,$$
$$ax^2 + bx + c < 0,$$
$$ax^2 + bx + c \geq 0 \text{ or}$$
$$ax^2 + bx + c \leq 0 \text{ where } a, b \text{ and } c \text{ are real numbers.}$$

### Procedure

#### Solving Quadratic Inequalities

1. Move all terms to one side.
2. Simplify and factor the quadratic expression.
3. Find the roots of the corresponding quadratic equation.
4. Use the roots to divide the number line into regions.
5. Test each region using the inequality.

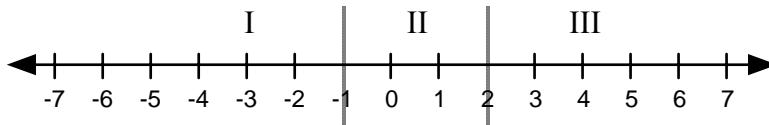
**Example 1** Solve the inequality,  $x^2 > x + 2$ .

### Solution

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &> x + 2 \\x^2 - x - 2 &> 0 \\(x - 2)(x + 1) &> 0\end{aligned}$$

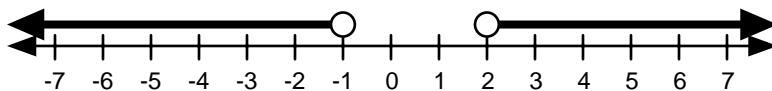
The corresponding equation is  $(x - 2)(x + 1) = 0$  so...

$$\begin{aligned}x - 2 &= 0 & \text{or} & & x + 1 &= 0 \\x &= 2 & & & x &= -1\end{aligned}$$



Now we test one point in each region.

Region	Test Point	Inequality	Status
I	$x = -2$	$(x - 2)(x + 1) = (-2 - 2)(-2 + 1) = 4 > 0$	True
II	$x = 0$	$(x - 2)(x + 1) = (0 - 2)(0 + 1) = -2 > 0$	False
III	$x = 3$	$(x - 2)(x + 1) = (3 - 2)(3 + 1) = 4 > 0$	True



So the solution to this inequality is  $x < -1$  or  $x > 2$ .

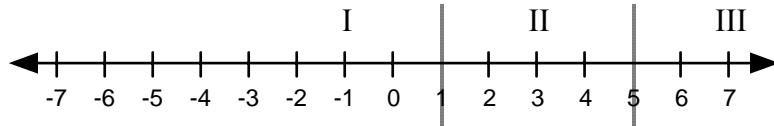
**Example 2** Solve the inequality,  $(x + 3)^2 \geq 2(x^2 + 7)$ .

**Solution**

$$\begin{aligned}
 (x + 3)^2 &\geq 2(x^2 + 7) \\
 x^2 + 6x + 9 &\geq 2x^2 + 14 \\
 -x^2 + 6x - 5 &\geq 0 \\
 -(x^2 - 6x + 5) &\geq 0 \\
 \frac{-(x^2 - 6x + 5)}{-1} &\leq \frac{0}{-1} \\
 x^2 - 6x + 5 &\leq 0 \\
 (x - 1)(x - 5) &\leq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

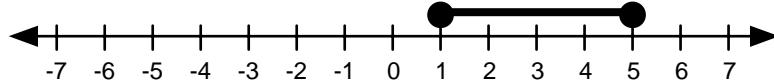
The corresponding equation is  $(x - 1)(x - 5) = 0$  so...

$$\begin{array}{lcl}
 x - 1 = 0 & \text{or} & x - 5 = 0 \\
 x = 1 & & x = 5
 \end{array}$$



Now we check one point in each region.

Region	Test Point	Inequality	Status
I	$x = 0$	$(x - 1)(x - 5) = (0 - 1)(0 - 5) = 5 < 0$	False
II	$x = 2$	$(x - 1)(x - 5) = (2 - 1)(2 - 5) = -3 < 0$	True
III	$x = 6$	$(x - 1)(x - 5) = (6 - 1)(6 - 5) = 5 < 0$	False



So the solution to this inequality is  $1 \leq x \leq 5$ .

Solve each quadratic inequality, and graph the solution on a number line.

**1.**  $y^2 - 17y + 70 < 0$

**2.**  $x^2 + 9x + 13 > -7$

**3.**  $x(x+1) > 112 - 5x$

**4.**  $a^2 + 3a + 2 < -3(a+2)$

**5.**  $2x^2 \leq 5x - 2$

**6.**  $10 - 9y \geq -2y^2$

**7.**  $b(b+3) \geq -2$

**8.**  $a^2 \leq 4(2a-3)$

**9.**  $y^2 - 17y + 70 < 0$

**10.**  $x^2 + 9x + 13 > -7$

**11.**  $x(x+1) > 112 - 5x$

**12.**  $a^2 + 25 < 10a$

**13.**  $2d^2 + 5d \leq 12$

**14.**  $a^2 + 3a + 2 \geq -3(a+2)$

**15.**  $10 - 9y \geq -2y^2$

**16.**  $2x^2 \leq 5x - 2$

**17.**  $c(c+4) < 3 + 3(9+c)$

**18.**  $2a(a+6) > 5 - a(a+2)$

**19.**  $b(b+3) > -2$

**20.**  $a^2 < 4(2a-3)$

**21.**  $(x+3)^2 \leq 6(x+15)$

**22.**  $2x^2 + 7 \geq 9x$

**23.**  $7x^2 \geq 4(1+3x)$

**24.**  $3x^2 + 7x \leq -2$

**25.**  $-8 < 4(x - x^2)$

**26.**  $x^2 - x - 2 > 0$

**27.**  $2k^2 + 3k - 2 > 0$

**28.**  $t^2 + 2t - 3 < 0$

**29.**  $4x^2 + 8 \leq 33x$

**30.**  $x^2 \geq 4(x-5)$

**31.**  $x^2 + 4 \geq 2x^2 - 3x$

**32.**  $10 - 3x \leq x^2$

**33.**  $4 < 13x - 3x^2$

**34.**  $6(x^2 + 1) > -13$

**35.**  $6x - x^2 > 8$

**36.**  $20a^2 < 1 - a$

**37.**  $8x \leq -3(1 - x^2)$

**38.**  $y^2 \geq 25$

**39.**  $t^2 + 18 \geq 11t$

**40.**  $3x(x+1) \leq x(x+5)$

**41.**  $x^2 < 8$

**42.**  $x^2 + 3x > 12$

**43.**  $2t^2 > 9t + 18$

**44.**  $4x^2 - 9x + 2 < 0$

1.  $7 < y < 10$

2.  $x < -5 \text{ or } x > -4$

3.  $x < -14 \text{ or } x > 8$

4.  $-4 < a < -2$

5.  $\frac{1}{2} \leq x \leq 2$

6.  $y \leq 2 \text{ or } y \geq \frac{5}{2}$

7.  $b \leq -2 \text{ or } b \geq -1$

8.  $2 \leq a \leq 6$

9.  $7 < y < 10$

10.  $x < -5 \text{ or } x > -$

11.  $x < -14 \text{ or } x > 8$

12. no solution

13.  $-4 \leq d \leq \frac{3}{2}$

14.  $x \leq -4 \text{ or } x \geq -2$

15.  $y \leq 2 \text{ or } y \geq \frac{5}{2}$

16.  $\frac{1}{2} \leq x \leq 2$

17.  $-6 < c < 5$

18.  $a < -5 \text{ or } a > \frac{1}{3}$

19.  $b \leq -2 \text{ or } b \geq -1$

20.  $2 < a < 6$

21.  $-9 \leq x \leq 9$

22.  $x < 1 \text{ or } x \geq \frac{7}{2}$

23.  $x \leq -\frac{2}{7} \text{ or } x \geq 2$

24.  $-2 \leq x \leq -\frac{1}{3}$

25.  $-1 < x < 2$

26.  $x < -1 \text{ or } x > 2$

27.  $k < -2 \text{ or } k > \frac{1}{2}$

28.  $-3 < t < 1$

29.  $\frac{1}{4} \leq x \leq 8$

30. all real numbers

31.  $-1 < x < 4$

32.  $x \leq -5 \text{ or } x \geq 2$

33.  $\frac{1}{3} < x < 4$

34. no real solutions

35.  $2 < x < 4$

36.  $-\frac{1}{4} < x < \frac{1}{5}$

37.  $x \leq -\frac{1}{3} \text{ or } x \geq 3$

38.  $x \leq -5 \text{ or } x \geq 5$

39.  $t \leq 2 \text{ or } t \geq 9$

40.  $0 \leq x \leq 1$

41.  $-2\sqrt{2} < x < 2\sqrt{2}$

42.  $x < \frac{-3 - \sqrt{57}}{2} \text{ or } x > \frac{-3 + \sqrt{57}}{2}$

43.  $t < -\frac{3}{2} \text{ or } t > 6$

44.  $\frac{1}{4} < x < 2$